# LE VIE VERDI CYCLING PATHS IN THE BRINDISI PROVINCE

Facing the Adriatic Sea, the Brindisi Province occupies the central area of Puglia, summarizing the diverse landscapes and history. The north east is characterized by the "murgia" hilly landscape, the white cities painted with milk of lime, terrace fields, Trulli and farms. The Murgia hills slope towards the sea, in rocky shores. Flowing to the sea, the rain has carved in the limestone rocks, gorges used since ancient times as settlements and productive sites. Proceeding southward, the murgia gives way to the Salento plain with his landscapes characterized by olive groves, vineyards, orchards and crops. The cities of Salento often hide in their old town, baroque or medieval unsuspected beauties and historical and architectural prestige.

In the south east cost, nature does not fail to impress with forests of oak and cork. Those who merely follow the major traffic routes will miss the hidden beauty of this land. It will disclose as a virgin land to those who will chose outdoor adventures, biking or hiking, in the net of secondary roads and lanes.

This guide is an invitation, we hope irresistible, to go beyond the "pillars of Hercules" of the usual routes and explore the remote side of this land.

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# **VIA TRAIANA**

# Departure: Fasano Arrival: Brindisi Total distance: 80 km

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Level of difficulty: medium Gradient: slight

**Type of road:** Dirt country road 3 km; low traffic asphalted road 56 km; city road 3 km Railway stations: Fasano, Ostuni, Carovigno, Brindisi

Highlights en route: Fasano 3: Lamalunga, the church of Seppannibale 🚺, the ruins of Egnatia. Ostuni 🧕, the white city, and the Roman-Gothic cathedral; Masseria Montalbano 7 ; Madonna del Belvedere 🤨 near Carovigno; Brindisi 3 : S.Maria del Casale; Torre Guaceto reserve 1 Description: The itinerary is named after the ancient Via Appia Traiana, built

by the Roman emperor Traiano to connect Brindisi and Rome by way of Avellino and Bari, thus being an alternative route to Via Appia. The old Via Traiana connected Brindisi 33, Carovigno 20, Ostuni 15 and Fasano 3. During the Norman and Angevin era Via Traiana was used by pilgrims and crusaders who travelled to the ports of Brindisi and Bari, from where they sailed for the Holy Land. Cycling along the ancient Via Traiana is like plunging into the past while at the same time acquainting oneself with some of the most beautiful coastline of Italy. From the low-lying regions of Ostuni and Fasano, centre of the ancient rock settlements (see also Itinerary n.2), to the plains of century old olive groves and on to the swampy regions of Serranova 22, Torre Guaceto 18 and Giancola.

The province of Brindisi is rich in ancient byzantine cave settlements; most of them are located along the coast. All along the Via Traiana route we find the settlements of Lamalunga and Seppannibale 1 in the territory of Fasano 3: S.Maria di Agnano, S.Oronzo, S.Biagio in Rialbo, S.Lucia, S.Antonio Abate, S.Lucia della Lama, S.Margherita and S.Maria la Nova in the territory of Ostuni 15; the crypt of Madonna del Belvedere 19 is near Carovigno 20. The cave church of Madonna della Grotta 44 is visible along the route that goes from Ceglie Messapica 3 to Francavilla Fontana 3 .



# WAY OF THE COASTAL DUNES AND CAVE SETTLEMENTS FROM OSTUNI TO BRINDISI

# Departure: Ostuni

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# Arrival: Brindisi

Total distance: 76 kms **Gradient:** the route follows the coast at sea-level

Type of Road: the cycle path follows the routes along the coastal dunes of Torre Canne and Torre San Leonardo (Km 9), Villa Nova to Costa Merlata (Km 5) and an area of cave settlements (Km 12) (total 26 km). The remainder of the route extends along asphalted roads as well as some dirt roads following

the coastline Suggested Bicycle: Mountain bike

Railway stations: Cisternino (FS), Fontevecchia (FS), Carovigno, San Vito dei Normanni and Brindisi (FS). (Check train timetables, and arrival and departure points at www.trenitalia.it ) Highlights en route: Watchtowers: Torre san Leonardo 😏, Torre San Sabina

🔕 , Torre Guaceto 📵 and Torre Testa 24 . Cave settlements: In the area of San Vito dei Normanni near the route one can

find the crypts of San Biagio 🥸 , San Giovanni 🚇 and San Nicola 🕮 . Areas of Natural interest: Agricultural park of ancient olive groves, costal dunes of Torre Canne 2 and Torre San Leonardo Regional National Park 5, Torre Guaceto Nature Reserve 18.

**Description:** The route starts from the Fontevecchia **6** contrada (farm) in Ostuni. This abandoned railway station has been reopened as a station and visitors' centre for the coastal parks of Torre Canne and Torre San Leonardo. Near the centre you can rent bikes and go on guided tours in the park. To reach the area of coastal dunes you must cross SS379 and follow the signs for Pilone. From the Lido Morelli service area follow the cycle path that allows you to visit the protected area. From the sea looking inland one can observe the rich vegetation of the sandy dunes, which are covered with lentisk and phillypia. Immediately behind the dunes there is a wetland environment with ponds and reed beds followed by an area of maquis, juniper and fossil dunes. Coming down towards Brindisi one finds the two protected wetlands of Torre Guaceto 🕕 and Canale Giancola which support rare plant and animal species and provide a breeding area for migratory birds. At Villanova you will find another coastal tower built by Carlo V to defend the limits of his kingdom from the attacks of the Turks. These towers encircle the entire Salento peninsula from Ostuni to Taranto to form a security barrier. Each tower was inhabited and equipped with alarms using fire, smoke and bells which alerted the horseguards who raised the alarm amongst the local population crying "Mamma li Turki". To guard against the frequent enemy attacks occurring throughout the course of history, the local population adapted to living in caves and dug-out habitations, building constructions for agriculture use and churches in "Lame" (recess in the rock formation). Close to the reserve of Torre Guaceto, the route leaves the coast and goes inland along a gorge which was excavated by the Royal Canal. The rock civilization developed in Puglia during the early Middle Ages under Byzantine domination. The Karst landscape was carved by water throughout the ages and the natural environment made of gorge and ravines was inhabited long before that time, since the banks were relatively easy to hollow out, and also because of the presence of perennial or seasonal water sorces. The communities living in the caves were part of a habitat which is unique from the historical, anthropological and natural points of view. Some of the cave settlements have been inhabited or used for a very long time, up until the last century. The rock churches often display a priceless heritage of figurative art, as in the case of S.Biagio crypt 🥸.

# THE NORMAN WAY

Departure: Brindisi Arrival: Brindisi Total distance: KM 68 Level of difficulty: Easy Gradient: 60m Type of road: Asphalt low traffic Railway stations: Brindisi (FS), Mesagne (FS); San Vito (FS), Latiano (FS), Oria (FS) Highlights en route: Castles in: Mesagne 🧐 , San Vito dei Normanni 3 , Carovigno 2 , Masseria Baccatani 26, Masseria Badessa 2 Madonna del Belvedere 📵.



ription: The Norman way (blue itinerary) starts from the provincial capital Brindisi and goes - through Carovigno, San Vito dei Normanni and San Michele Salentino, Some links connect this route to the coast roads of Apani, Torre Guaceto, Torre S.Sabina, to the "Percorso della Civiltà Rupestre" and to the "Appian Way" coming back to Brindisi

Towers, castles and farms - typical features of the Brindisi territory - represent the main characteristics of this cycling route, along with the discovery of ancient residences and fortifications built to defend towns and ports against enemies. Some fortresses have remained almost intact, others have been transformed into noble residences by rich and aristocratic families who thus displayed their social status. Riding along this itinerary one will find traces of Norman, Swabian, Angevin and Aragonese dominations. In Brindisi 33 the Land Castle, built as Frederick II's fortified residence, and the Sea Castle, built by Alfonso of Aragon in the outer harbour in XV century, stand out among all the monuments. In Carovigno 20 the Castle Dentice di Frasso is noteworthy, it was built by Raimondo Orsini del Balzo, prince of Taranto, in order to defend the territory against the Saracen raids in XV century. Another Castle, Dentice di Frasso, in San Vito dei Normanni 🥨, whose original structure was erected by Boemondo of Altavilla in XI century and then enlarged by the Orsini del Balzo's family.

Along the cycling route it is possible to you will see many farmhouses dotted throughout the landscape. The white colour of their walls clearly stands out in the territory of San Michele Salentino 30; their typical appearance present images of a past way of life and memories of past generations, when the country prevailed on the town and the land represented the only source of livelihood. The whole itinerary is enriched by the fascination of many rocky, archaeological,

religious and nature settlements which complete its beauty. Short detours bring one to other castels near the proposed route: the Norman-Swabian Castle in Mesagne 52, the Imperiali Palace in Latiano 53, the Castle of Serranova 22



# THE WAY OF THE TRULLI

Route 4.1: Ostuni-Cisternino-Villa Castel li-Ceglie Messapica-Ostuni Route 4.2: Ostuni-Ceglie Messapica-

Ostuni Route 4.3: Cisternino-Villa Castelli

Ceglie Messapica-Pascarosa-Cisternino.

Route 4.4: Ceglie-Francavilla, km 16 Distance: Route 6.1 and 6.3 are about 70km each; Route 4.2 is 37 km, Route 4.4 is 17 Km.

Gradient: 200 m on average for each route.

Level of difficulty: medium.

Type of road: Dirt road km 25; low-traffic asphalted road km 70; Part of the journey follows the non asphalt route of the aqueduct. Suggested bicycle: city bike or mountain bike.

Trekking path: the portion that runs along the service track of the Apulian Aqueduct is suitable for trekking. We suggest you leave the car near Masseria Monte

Railway stations: Cisternino (FS and FSE); Ceglie Messapica (FSE); Ostuni (FS)

Highlights en route: crypt of S.Biagio in Rialbo 100; church of Madonna d'Ibernia 13; Cisternino 12; Masseria Monte d'Oro 30; Pascarosa rural village; Trullo sovrano 2 ; Ostuni's old centre 垣 .

Along the route you will see beautiful and meticilously constructed stone terraces where olives or grapes are cultivated. Trulli, once used by the peasants' families, in many cases have been turned into holiday homes for locals or tourists. Many big masserie are nowadays abandoned (as is the case of Specchia, which is located along "via dei Colli" near Ostuni); others have been converted into restaurants, guest houses and bed&breakfast (as is the case of Monte d'Oro 30 along the Acqueduct); some of them are still keeping their original productive functions (as for Circiello, which is not far from Ceglie Messapica, and Satia beside the surprising "Trullo Sovrano" 20).



Description: This route connects the finest aspects of the south-eastern Murgia countryside, where many people are living permanently in the countryside, some of them in trulli or similar dry-stone buildings. Cycling is in fact the best way to discover this hidden land which the urbanization of the past 50 years has barely affected, and to enjoy some of the best preserved views of Valle d'Itria. Exploring this countyside one begins to realize how its inhabitants have interfered as little as possible with nature as they stove to eke a living from its drv stony land



Part of the routes n.4.1 and 4.3 run along the service road of the Apulian Aqueduct, which is not open to traffic and goes throughout Murgia, just like a very long greenway. Though it is not indicated by any tourist guide, this road offers unique views, colors and scents to the visitor moving by bike, on foot or on horseback. It crosses the hilly land without any steep slopers; it presents a natural road-bed and can be cycled by any kind of bike apart from a racing bike. The cyclist will discover the "unaware beauty", of this land. The local inhabitants believe they own a simple patch of land which produces fruits for their families, but they often don't realize the importance, in today's globalized world, of preserving the original fuctions of their small farms.





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# THE APPIAN WAY



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Departure: Brindisi, Roman pillars Arrival: Grottaglie Total distance: 55 km Level of difficulty: medium Gradient: 110 m

Hilliness: very slight, except for the ger tle incline to the centre of Oria

Type of road: low traffic, asphalted road Railway stations: Brindisi, Mesagne, Latiano, Francavilla Fontana (FS and FSE) and Grottaglie railway stations.

Highlights en route: Brindisi 33 : the port, the cathedral and the church of S.Lucia; Mesagne 🥺: the castle and the ancient town; Muro Tenente 🤀; church of Madonna di Gallana 🗿 ; Oria 🕡 : the castle and the Cathedral; Grottaglie 🚳 : ceramics' guarter and museum, and the castle.

Description: It is one of the most famous ancient Roman roads. Built to connect Rome to the Orient, it arrives in Brindisi across the Appennines, through Taranto. Dotted throughout the territories of Oria, Latiano, Brindisi and Mesagne there are important historical sites ideally reached by means of the tourist cycle path along Via Appia: Madonna di Gallana 61, S. Pietro di Crepacuore 63 and the remains of a Messapian city at Muro Tenente 🧐.

The itinerary is part of "Bicitalia" (route n°3). In its own region the council of Mesagne has created a cycle path along the route.

Departing from the ancient Roman pillars, which were placed at the end of the Via Appia (Appian Way) in front of the port of Brindisi 39, you reach Sant'Elia guarter and take the SP 80 which leads towards San Donaci; having covered a little more than 1,5 km, you turn right onto a smaller road; after a short portion of non-asphalted road you reach a crossroads where you go straight on, strada vicinale Gonella. Once you have covered 4 km of that, you turn right onto a very short non-asphalted portion, crossing a slightly larger road and heading to the west. In Mesagne 🥸 follow the bicycle path on Via Marconi, then take the tourist cycle path from the SP (provincial road) Mesagne - Latiano 150 metres after crossing the external ring road.



# **CERANO AND THE CORK WOODS**

Departure: Brindisi Arrival: Brindisi Total distance: 38km Level of difficulty: easy Gradient: slight Type of road: dirt road 4km. low traffic asphalt road 30km and urban roads 4km Railway stations: Brindisi (FS), San Pietro Vernotico (FS), Squinza-

no (FS) Highlights en route: salt-works (Brindisi) 🚳 🚬 woods of Cerano (San Pietro) 💷 , woods of Santa 🚪 Teresa (Tuturano) 5 , woods of Preti (Brindisi) 5 , woods of Lucci

Walking excursions: route through the woods of Cerano, Lucci, Preti and Santa Teresa

**Description:** the itinerary starts near the industrial area of Brindisi 32 and runs for tens of kilometres through an industrial/urban setting interrupted by two natural reserves: woods of Cerano 🗿, and the woods of SantaTeresa 55 dei Lucci 49 and one regional park: salt-works of Punta della Contessa 😳 , founded in 2002 as a regional nature park. Leaving Brindisi one proceeds along a road running parallel to the railway line which was used to transport coal to the Cerano power station. In the past the principal source of income for the town was the salt-works "Punta della Contessa", which is the first stop on our trip. Up until 1800 the salt was exported and the resulting income used to construct the town centre. The end of the procedure of salt extraction lead to the natural formation of swamps which are now a favourite resting site for birds migrating from Africa to Europe. Arriving near the former power station one becomes emersed in the natural beauty of the Cerano woods 💷. The reserve was once a vast ilex grove, while the effects of time has brought about the present formation of Mediterranean maquis composed of: juniper, lentisk, phillyrea, myrtle and holm oak. Continuing on the route brings us to the woods of Santa Teresa 55 , Lucci 49 and Preti 50. Here we find precious botanical relics of the most easterly European and Mediterranean cork oak among the Mediterranean maquis, featuring shrub heather and arbutus, alongside more common specimens like lentisk, myrtle honeysuckle and cistus. Also present are Roverella oaks and Holm oaks plus some rare examples of Vallonea oak (Quercus Vallonea). As the cyclist penetrates these woods it feels like one is moving into the past, through the perfumes of the Mediterranaen maquis and the creaking of twigs under wheels, to a time when the cultivated land of Salento alternated with vast wooded areas.



# THE WAY OF THE PILGRIMS

Departure: Oria Arrival: Oria Total distance: 40km Level of difficulty: Easy Gradient: 70m Type of road: Asphalt, light traffic Suggested bicycle: any Railway stations: Latiano (FS), Oria (FS) Highlights en route: Muro Tenente 🔮 Church of the Madonna di Cotrino 50 Santa Maria di Gallana 🗿 , Svevo Castle of Oria 💯 , Madonna della Scala 💯 , Sanctuary of San Cosimo alla Macchia 🚳. S. Lucia (Erchie) 90, underground oil-mills, Crepacuore Church 68.



Description: In the land of Brindisi, the strong sense of religion has been manifested in festivals and processions dedicated to the patron saints. Pilgrims used to walk long distance to worship their beloved saints in remote cave churches and sanctuaries. A link road connects this route to the Appian way.

The route starts in Oria 🙋, a beautiful city situated on a low lying hill. Founded 3,500 years ago by the Cretans, Oria reached the height of its fortune between the 6th and 3rd century B.C. when its rich and famous necropolises were constructed. Oria's history is closely tied to that of Frederick II, who fortified it by building one of his most powerful castles, the Castello Svevo, in the highest part of the city. In August the "Torneo dei Rioni" celebrate Frederick II with rich processions in medieval costumes and evocative contests

Worth visiting is the "Cripta delle Mummie", where the mummified remains of the "Arciconfraternita della Morte" brothers are preserved. A few kilometres from he town we find the rupestran church, "Madonna della Scala" 🙆 and small old byzantine church, Santa Maria di Gallana 🗿 and the sanctuary of "San Cosimo alla Macchia" 83.

From Oria one continues on to Erchie 🗐, founded by the Messapians around the 6th century B.C. In the centre of the town we find the Palazzo Ducale, the Chiesa Madre and the Chiesa di Santa Lucia, built over a Basilian crypt where a miraculous spring flows.

A few kilometes from Erchie there is the Torre Santa Susanna 92. This ancient habitation, called "Turris Messapiorum" was built between the 5th and 6th centuries B.C. as a fortress to defend the granaries of Oria. Nowadays, the city is mostly known for its underground oil-mills recently restored and opened to visitors. In the territory of Torre Santa Susanna, a few kilometres from the city we find the Chiesa di Crepacore 69, on the provincial road to Mesagne. This construction probably dates back to the 7th or 8th century and is built on the ruins of a Roman villa from the Augustinian period. On the way back to Oria one can visit Latiano 63, close to the pre-Roman archaeological site of Muro Tenente 59. There you see Palazzo baronale, the Torre del Solise, the Chiesa Matrice, the Chiesa di Sant'Antonio and Chiesa del Rosario.



# **IL LIMITONE DEI GRECI** THE BOUNDARY LINE OF THE GREEKS

Departure: Torchiarolo

Arrival: Oria

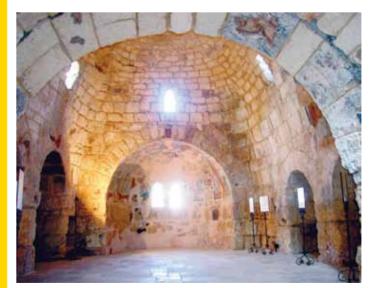
Total distance: 50km Level of difficulty: slight incline to get to Oria centre

Gradient: 80m near Oria

**Type of road:** Asphalt low traffic roads

Railway stations: Francavilla (FS + Sud Est), Squinzano (FS)

Highlights en route: Oria 🙋 : cathedral, castle, church of "San Pietro di Crepacore" (Torres anta Susanna) 60, chapel of "San Miserino" (San Pancrazio) 🙆 , Roman bath 🥸 in contrada Malvindi (Mesagne), Ancient Valesio 🚳 (Torchiarolo), Woods of Tramazzone 🗿, Adriatic coast 🚳 - 🚳



"S. Pietro di Crepacore" - Torre Santa Susanna (Byzantin temple VI - VIII sec.)

**Description:** The route "II Limitone dei Greci" (yellow itinerary), takes its name from the mythical line of rocky fortifications built by the Byzantines against the Longobards between the sixth and the ninth centuries, however the route could already have been used in the late Roman period as a linking road between Taranto and Otranto. In that period the port of Otranto took precedence over the port of Brindisi thanks to the shorter and safer trip across the Adriatic. This route offered a shortcut between Oria 2 and Otranto without having to go through Brindisi. This route also offers an array of important archaeological sites: The church of S. Pietro di Crepacore 69 in Torre Santa Susanna 69, the Roman thermal baths 🚳 in the contrada Malvindi in Mesagne and the ancient Messapian city of Valesio 63 in Torchiarolo 72. The route is also a food and wine itinerary running through a production area of local wines (Primitivo, Negranmaro, Malvasia) and genuine olive oils which make Salento cooking unique and delicious, while the vineyards and olive groves themselves make for an enchanting landscape.

# IN THE BRINDISI PROVINCE CYCLING PATHS



# LE VIE VERDI



# www.viaggiareinpuglia.it

# This guide is free at **UFFICI DI INFORMAZIONE E ACCOGLIENZA TURISTICA**

BRINDISI 72100 Lungomare Regina Margherita, 44 Tel./Fax 0831 523072

CEGLIE MESSAPICA 72013 Via G. Elia. 16 Tel./Fax 0831 371003

> FASANO 72015 Piazza Ciaia, 10 Tel./Fax 080 4413086

FRANCAVILLA FONTANA 72021 Via Oria, 4 Tel./Fax 0831 811262

> OSTUNI 72017 Corso Mazzini, 8 Tel./Fax 0831 301268

ASS.TO REGIONALE AL TURISMO E ALL'INDUSTRIA ALBERGHIERA Corso Sonnino, 177 - Bari Tel.Fax 080 5589760 080 5404756 www.viaggiareinpuglia.it - settoreturismo@regione.puglia.it





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# INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING THIS TRAVEL GUIDE

he map of the cycling routes of Brindisi Province has been edited with the aim of offering to the tourists a tool for self-guided exploration of the territory. Along with the cycle routes the map shows the network of secondary and rural roads and the places of historical and naturalistic interest. With this information, suggested itineraries can be customize to your needs. Among the various routes one can select the connection of roads that make it possible to shorten the distance, visit interesting places, etc. The map has been printed to a scale of 1:150.000 (1 cm on the map corresponds to 1.5 Km).

In the map the coloured routes are rural and secondary routes where cycling is recommended for the beauty and safety of the road. Continuous lines refer to roads with cycle route signs and speed limit for cars. Dotted lines are roads which do not have signs for cyclists yet. Though these roads are not busy or dangerouse it is recommended one takes maximum care while cycling. Many of the proposed routes are linear: the place of arrival is a few tens of kilometers from the start. In these cases it is advised to return by train

On the map, for each route you find many marked places of historical, natural, architectural interest. If you get lost in the maze of streets do not panic! You will discover so many alternatives that will make your personal experience of this land more enjoyable and unforgettable.

# CYCLING BY TRAIN

Bicycles can be carried on the regional (local) trains. Since 2008, in Puglia you don't have to pay any additional fee for bike transport on local trains. On long distance trains (espresso, intercity) the bicycle can only be carried in a bag free of cost. In addition to Trenitalia (the national railway company, www. ferroviedellostato.it/) the Brindisi Province is also served by the quaint. old fashioned Ferrovie Sud Est ("South East Railway" a local railway company www.fseonline.it/). It is important to remember that the South East trains do not travel on Sunday and public holidays. In any case for big group (exceeding 10 bicycles) both Trenitalia and Sud Est require booking



## ADVICES FOR CYCLISTS

- To minimize the risk of unpleasant incidents, one is advised to adhere to the following
- · Check your bike before departure: particularly the brakes, steering and tyres.
- Always use a helmet (though not legally compulsory
- Keep to the right side of the road and cycle in a single file, especially on provincial ro-
- Wear reflective bands
- · Be careful when cycling on the indicated routes of this map as most of them are also
- used by cars Bring water and a kit for repairing punctures
- (spare tyre, pump, etc.) • Use a solid lock when you park your bicycle.
- · Be safe, be seen. Wear something fluorescent during the day or reflective at night.
- At night and in poor light make sure your
- front and rear lights are lit and that your red rear reflector can be seen

# **ROUTE FILES ON GPS AND GOOGLE MAPS**

Google Earth The bike routes of this tourist guide in the form of GPX, KML and KMZ files can be freely downloaded from the link: www.cicloamici.it/gps.htm Right click the links to save the files to your computer. KMZ route files can be displayed in Google Earth or Google Map. GPX files can be used on most GPS devices, KMZ and KML route files can be displayed on Google Earth and Google Maps

# SERVICES AVAILABLE FOR CYCLING TOURISTS

**CICLOVAGANDO SRL** 

Via L. di Savoia, 19 72023 Mesagne Tel +39 0831 381885 Mobile (+39) 320 8703355 www.ciclovagando.com; e-mail info@ciclovagando.com Services offered: Bicycle rental with home delivery, excursion guide, baggage transportation to destination and cycle carrier bag rental. ASSOCIAZIONE CICLOAMICI

Tel (+39) 333 3744725 www.cicloamici.org e-mail info@cicloamici.org Services offered: Promotion of cycling via a rich internet site and organization of Sunday cycling trips

**COOPERATIVA THALASSIA** Centro Visite Serranova (BR)

Tel (+39) 0831 989885 - (+39) 0831 989986

Fax (+39) 0831 989976 Mobile (+39) 331 9277579

www.thalassia.coop e-mail info@thalassia.coop Services offered: Guided excursions and bicycle rental in the vicinity of

Torre Guaceto nature reserve and the coastal parks of Torre Canne and Torre San Leonardo. COOPERATIVA SOCIALE OSTUNI A RUOTA LIBERA Corso Mazzini, 6 - 72017 - Ostuni (BR) Tel 0831/338165, www.ostuniaruo-

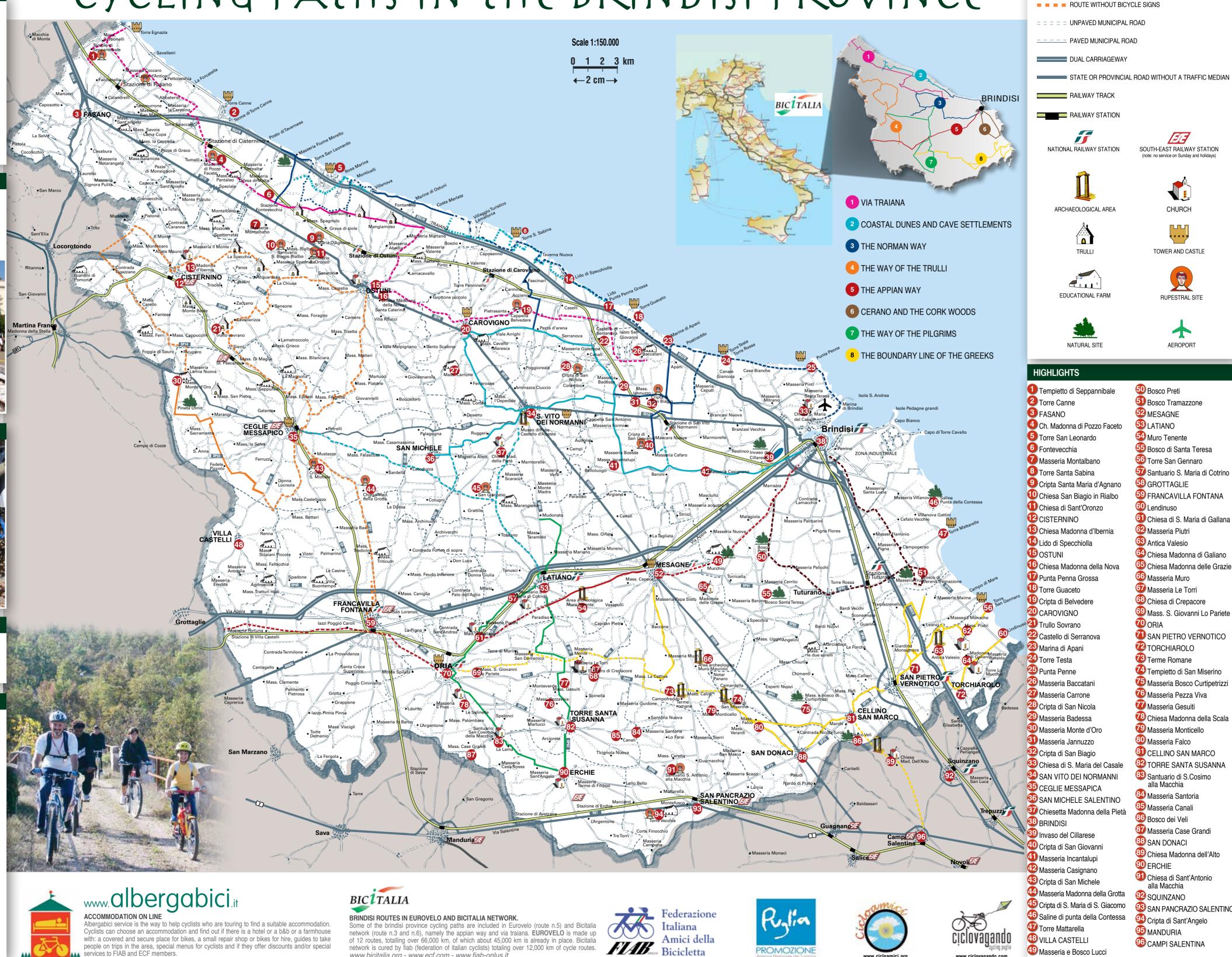
talibera.it e-mail info@ostuniaruotalibera.it Services offered: Supply and rental of "special transport for leisure time", which include three hand-bikes and bicycles for physically disabled children and adults.

CICLOMOTORICAMBI DI RONDINI FRANCESCO Largo S. Antonio, 8 72019 San Vito dei Normanni (Br) tel (+39) 0831-98651 Services offered: Bicycle retail and repairs. LONGO SRL BICICLETTE SPECIALI su misura Via E. Trinchera, 28 72017 Ostuni (Br) tel (+39) 0831 302318 (+39) 329 6173491

www.longobs.it longo\_enzo@libero.it Services offered: Bicycle retail, repairs and rental.



# CYCLING PATHS IN THE BRINDISI PROVINCE





ervices to FIAB and ECF members.



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LEGEND

ROUTE WITH BICYCLE SIGNS

SOUTH-EAST RAILWAY STATION



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TOWER AND CASTLE

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RUPESTRAL SITE

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AEROPORT

57 Santuario S. Maria di Cotrino

59 FRANCAVILLA FONTANA

61 Chiesa di S. Maria di Gallana

<sup>64</sup> Chiesa Madonna di Galiano 65 Chiesa Madonna delle Grazie

74 Tempietto di San Miserino

89 Chiesa Madonna dell'Alto

93 SAN PANCRAZIO SALENTINO

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